AFFIDAVIT OF HAROLD F. CHORNEY

I Harold F. Chorney being duly sworn, depose and says the following:

- 1. Harold F. Chorney is the Appellant in CA. NO. 89-11051 in the Bankruptcy Court in the District of Rhode Island.
- 2. In preparation of the Designation of the Record for an Appeal to the Bankruptcy Appellate Panel for the First Circuit, Appellant attempted to obtain copies of exhibits filed at the 2/15/96 Bankruptcy Court Hearing in CA. No. 89-11051.
- 3. Appellant was told that the court no longer had the exhibits that he was seeking, consequently Appellant is filing this Affidavit in response to the missing information.
- 4. Appellant received a copy of the pre-auction inventory from Warren Taft at the beginning of 1996. Upon information and belief, Mr. Taft obtained said inventory from Mr. Monzack, Chapter 7 Trustee.
- 5. Appellant already had a copy of the Ramapo Coin Exchange 1994 inventory and appraisal.
- 6. Appellant made a comparison by year and mint mark of silver dollars that were inventoried and appraised by Ramapo Coin Exchange in 1994 and the silver dollars inventoried and appraised for pre-auction estimates by Christies in 1995.
- 7. Previous to the comparison performed in paragraph #6 above, representations were made to Mr. Taft that the coins being shipped were the exact same coins that were inventoried and appraised by Ramapo Coin Exchange in February 1994. Mr. Taft told me that he had wanted an inventory of the coins taken prior to the coins being shipped to Christies in New York.
- 8. Mr. Taft performed his own comparison of the Ramapo and the Christies inventories at some point in time prior to the 2/15/96 Bankruptcy Court Hearing.

- 9. Upon completion of the comparison of the Ramapo and the Christie inventories, Appellant was convinced that the silver dollars that were offered for sale by Christies, were not the same silver dollars that were inventoried by Ramapo.
- 10.Even allowing for subjective differences in the grading of the silver dollars, the year and mint marks on the silver dollars do not match up. See Attached List.

I swear that the information contained in paragraphs 1-10 above are true or based upon information and belief that I believe to be true.

HAROLD F CHORNEY

Sworn to me this 19^{ru} day of October, 2000

NOTARY PUBLICH My comm suprior of 2003

COMPARISON OF RAMAPO INVENTORY IN 1994 AND CHRISTIES INVENTORY IN 1995--AN OFFER OF PROOF

In order to help understand various designations, the following should be helpful. If there is no letter designation after the date of a silver dollar, the dollar was minted in Philadelphia; if there is an S after the date, the dollar was minted in San Francisco. CC stands for Carson City,0 for New Orleans and D for Denver. There are 122 standard different year and mint mark combinations. There are special instances like the 1900 0/CC, which is a recognized variety of one of the 122 standard varieties. In this instant case, since there are 1900 0/CC coins, there are 123 combinations.

Listed below are the differences in the counts of the coins taken by Christies and the inventory certified by Ramapo. These differences between the inventories taken by Christies and the inventories certified by Ramapo are irrefutable and are proof positive that the coins sold by Christies are actually different coins than the inventory certified by Ramapo. In 1994 Roger Herman certified the inventory for the Government and Robert Moffatt certified the inventory in 1994 for the Appellant.

A slight variance of the difference in number is possible between the Ramapo inventory and the Christies inventory since some of the coins were inventoried by Christies as being in a set containing 50 different years and mint marks. However, this variance would only account for a difference of one coin per year and mint mark for 50 different coins and would not explain the <u>massive differences</u> in years and mint marks like a difference of 25 coins dated 1880 or 58 coins dated 1887-0 listed below.

Those silver dollars minted between 1878 and 1921 inclusive are called Morgan Silver Dollars. Those silver dollars minted between 1921 and 1935 are called Peace Dollars. The Philadelphia mint issued both Morgan and Peace Dollars in 1921.

YEAR AND MINT MARK DIFFERENCE FROM CHRISTIES MORGAN SILVER DOLLARS

1879-0 1879-S RAMAPO HAS 1 MORE COIN RAMAPO HAS 1 MORE COIN

IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 2 MORE COINS DATED 1879 THAN CHRISTIES

1880 RAMAPO HAS 25 MORE COINS
1880-0 RAMAPO HAS 3 MORE COINS
1880-S RAMAPO HAS 1 MORE COIN
1880-CC RAMAPO HAS 1 MORE COIN
IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 30 MORE COINS DATED 1880 THAN
CHRISTIES

1881 RAMAPO HAS 17 MORE COINS 1881-0 RAMAPO HAS 21 MORE COINS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 38 MORE COINS DATED 1881 THAN CHRISTIES

IN TOTAL RAMAPO AND CHRISTIES HAD THE SAME TOTALS FOR EACH YEAR AND MINT MARK FOR THE YEAR 1882

1883 RAMAPO HAS 2 MORE COINS 1883-0 RAMAPO HAS 1 MORE COIN IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 3 MORE COINS DATED 1883 THAN CHRISTIES

1884 RAMAPO HAS 1 LESS COIN
1884-0 RAMAPO HAS 1 LESS COIN
1884-S RAMAPO HAS 5 LESS COINS
IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 7 LESS COINS DATED 1884 THAN
CHRISTIES

1885 RAMAPO HAS 21 LESS COINS 1885-0 RAMAPO HAS 28 MORE COINS 1885-S RAMAPO HAS 14 LESS COINS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 7 LESS COINS DATED 1885 THAN CHRISTIES

1886 RAMAPO HAS 2 LESS COINS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 2 LESS COINS DATED 1886

1887 RAMAPO HAS 6 MORE COIN 1887-0 RAMAPO HAS 58 LESS COINS 1887-S RAMAPO HAS 8 MORE COINS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 44 COINS LESS DATED 1887 THAN CHRISTIES

1888 RAMAPO HAS 16 LESS COINS 1888-0 RAMAPO HAS 6 LESS COINS 1888-S RAMAPO HAS 15 MORE COINS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 7 COINS LESS DATED 1888 THAN

1889 RAMAPO HAS 13 LESS COINS 1889-0 RAMAPO HAS 4 LESS COINS 1889-S RAMAPO HAS 4 MORE COINS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 13 COINS LESS DATED 1889 THAN

CHRISTIES

CHRISTIES

1890 RAMAPO HAS 37 MORE COINS
1890-0 RAMAPO HAS 16 LESS COINS
1890-S RAMAPO HAS 21 MORE COINS
1890-CC RAMAPO HAS 2 MORE COINS
IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 44 COINS MORE DATED 1890 THAN
CHRISTIES

1891 RAMAPO HAS 19 LESS COINS 1891-0 RAMAPO HAS 1 MORE COIN 1891-CC RAMAPO HAS 1 MORE COIN IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 17 LESS COINS DATED 1891 THAN CHRISTIES

1892 RAMAPO HAS 1 MORE COIN
1892-0 RAMAPO HAS 1 MORE COIN
1892-S RAMAPO HAS 1 MORE COIN
IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 3 MORE COINS DATED 1892 THAN
CHRISTIES

1893-CC RAMAPO HAD 1 LESS COIN IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD ONE LESS COIN DATED 1893 THAN CHRISTIES

1894-S RAMAPO HAD 4 MORE COINS

IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 4 MORE COINS DATED 1894 THAN CHRISTIES

1895-0 RAMAPO HAD 1 LESS COIN 1895-S RAMAPO HAD 1 MORE COIN IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD THE SAME AMOUNT OF COINS DATED 1895 AS CHRISTIES

1896 RAMAPO HAS 7 MORE COINS 1896-0 RAMAPO HAS 1 LESS COIN IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 6 MORE COINS DATED 1896 THAN CHRISTIES

1897 RAMAPO HAS 2 MORE COINS 1897-0 RAMAPO HAS 1 MORE COIN IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 3 MORE COINS DATED 1897 THAN CHRISTIES

1898 RAMAPO HAS 1 COIN LESS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD ONE LESS COINS DATED 1898 THAN CHRISTIES

1899-0 RAMAPO HAS 1 COIN MORE 1899-S RAMAPO HAS 2 COINS LESS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 1 LESS COIN DATED 1899 THAN CHRISTIES

1900 RAMAPO HAS 2 LESS COINS
1900-0 RAMAPO HAS 19 LESS COINS
1900-S RAMAPO HAS 2 LESS COINS
1900 0/CC RAMAPO HAS 20 MORE COINS
IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 3 COINS LESS DATED 1900 THAN
CHRISTIES

1901 RAMAPO HAS 2 MORE COINS 1901-0 RAMAPO HAS 1 MORE COIN IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 3 COINS MORE DATED 1901 THAN CHRISTIES 1902 RAMAPO HAS 1 LESS COIN
1902-0 RAMAPO HAS 4 MORE COINS
1902-S RAMAPO HAS 1 LESS COIN
IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 2 COINS MORE DATED 1902 THAN
CHRISTIES

1903 RAMAPO HAS 12 MORE COINS 1903-0 RAMAPO HAS 1 LESS COIN 1903-S RAMAPO HAS 2 LESS COINS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAS 9 MORE COINS DATED 1903 THAN CHRISTIES

1904 RAMAPO HAS 9 LESS COINS 1904-0 RAMAPO HAS SAME NUMBER IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAS 9 LESS COINS DATED 1904 THAN CHRISTIES

THERE WERE NO SILVER DOLLARS MINTED BETWEEN THE YEARS OF 1905 AND 1920 INCLUSIVE.

1921 RAMAPO HAS 27 MORE COINS
1921-D RAMAPO HAS 55 LESS COINS
1921-S RAMAPO HAS 8 MORE COINS
IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 20 MORE COINS DATED 1921 THAN
CHRISTIES

PEACE DOLLARS

1921 RAMAPO HAS 4 MORE COINS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 4 MORE PEACE DOLLARS DATED 1921 THAN CHRISTIES

1922 RAMAPO HAS 115 LESS COINS 1922-D RAMAPO HAS 8 LESS COINS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAS 123 LESS COINS DATED 1922 THAN CHRISTIES (ONE LOT OF 121 COINS MAY BE LISTED TWICE)

1923 RAMAPO HAS 21 LESS COINS 1923-D RAMAPO HAS 5 LESS COINS 1923-S RAMAPO HAS 3 LESS COINS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAS 29 LESS COINS DATED 1923 THAN CHRISTIES

1924 RAMAPO HAS 3 MORE COINS 1924-S RAMAPO HAS 6 MORE COINS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAS 9 MORE COINS DATED 1924 THAN CHRISTIES

1925 RAMAPO HAS 12 MORE COINS 1925-S RAMAPO HAS 1 LESS COIN IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 11 MORE COIN DATED 1925 THAN CHRISTIES

1926 RAMAPO HAS 12 LESS COINS 1926-D RAMAPO HAS 12 MORE COINS IN TOTAL THE AMOUNT OF COINS DATED 1926 IS THE SAME FOR RAMAPO AND CHRISTIES

THERE ARE NO DIFFERENCES IN COINS DATED 1927

1928 RAMAPO HAS 1 MORE COIN 1928-S RAMAPO HAS 38 MORE COINS IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 39 MORE COINS DATED 1928 THAN CHRISTIES

THERE WERE NO SILVER DOLLARS MINTED BETWEEN 1929 AND 1933 INCLUSIVE

1934 RAMAPO HAS 4 LESS COINS 1934-D RAMAPO HAS 5 LESS COINS 1934-S RAMAPO HAS 1 LESS COIN IN TOTAL RAMAPO HAD 10 LESS COINS DATED 1934 THAN CHRISTIES

1935 RAMAPO HAS 10 LESS COINS 1935-S RAMAPO HAS 10 MORE COINS IN TOTAL RAMAPO AND CHRISTIES HAD THE SAME AMOUT OF COINS DATED 1935 In conclusion, even if the professional appraisers for Christies misread each and every one of the mintmarks on the coins, there are still 462 silver dollar differences by year between the certified inventory of Ramapo and the Christies inventory.

The Affidavit of Theresa Ryan Tosches, FDIC dated February 13, 1996 indicates in paragraph 4. That "In totaling up the number of silver dollars listed in the RAMAPO appraisal against the total number of silver dollars listed in Spink America manuscripts, there is a 14 coin discrepancy. It appears at this time that Spink America is showing 14 additional coins in its inventory." (See Exhibit A, Affidavit of Ms. Tosches.)

Her affidavit does not explain why there are differences between the years and mintmarks in each inventory, but instead in paragraph 3. States, "In comparing the RAMAPO COIN EXCHANGE appraisal against the manuscripts of Spink America, the RAMAPO appraisal listed each coin by value and condition. Spink America's manuscripts grouped coins of the same date together, but not necessarily of the same condition, in order to come up with the best coins to comprise a lot for auction. In other words the coins were mixed up, in order to be more attractive for sale."

Assuming that all the information contained in paragraph 3. of Ms. Tosches Affidavit is correct, once a count is taken of each coin by year and mint mark, irrespective of the way that Spink America grouped them together by mixed condition, the fact remains that the counts of the number of coins in each year and mint mark are different in approximately 83 of the 123 different year and mint mark combinations possible from this inventory.

The coins inventoried by Ramapo Coin Exchange were grouped together by the same year and mintmark regardless of condition prior to comparing these totals with the totals from the Christies inventory.

QUALITY DIFFERENCES:

Appellant is presenting this comparison of these 8600 plus coins by the quality, condition, or state of preservation, assigned to each coin by Ramapo Coin Exchange and compared with the condition assigned to each coin by Christies, there are significant quality difference. The importance to this instant case of quality differences to the estate of Cumberland Investment Corporation, is that the higher the MS (Mint State) the higher the

value of the coin. For instance, it would not be uncommon for a coin in MS 63 (Christies calls MS 63-- choice uncirculated) to be worth one and one half to three times the value of an MS 60 (Christies calls MS 60-- uncirculated). It is a well established fact that professional appraisers may differ when it comes to grading the quality of a silver dollar. However it was deduced at Appellant's trial after much testimony, that professional appraisers should be within one or two grades of each other. The grading differences in this case are three grades or more, so the Appellant's comparison should be accurate. Listed below are some of the differences:

YEAR AND	RAMAPO	CHRISTIES
MINT MARK	MS 63 OR BETTER	CHOICE M.S.
1881	82	0
1881-0	260	41
1881-S	18	0
1882-0	291	94
1883	7	0
1884-0	0	21
1886	6	70
1887-0	26	0
1889-0	35	0
1890	82	0
1890-0	172	11
1891	1	0 Uncirculated
1897	4	0
1898	40	0
1898-0	3	0
1899	41	0
1900-0	1	0
1900-0/CC	20	0
1902-0	13	0
1902-S	15	2
1903	8	0
1904	8	2
1922-D	3	0
1922-S	4	0
1923-D	3	0
1923-S	4	0
1924	0	60
1924-S	1	0 Uncirculated

1925	12	0
1926	18	0
1927-S	14	0
1934	2	0
1935	8	0

There are over 1,000 coins listed above that are graded MS 63 or better by Ramapo that Christies does not. Ramapo grades one hundred and thirteen (113) of these coins even higher as MS 64. It is true that there are some issues like 1884-0, 1886 and 1924 that Christies grades as choice, (MS 63) that Ramapo does not, thus establishing even more inconsistencies between the two appraisals. Issues such as 1928, where Ramapo grades 2 coins as uncirculated where Christies grades none as uncirculated, should not occur with professional appraisers unless something has happened to the coins such as mishandling or the coins being different coins.

In total value, the value of 1,000 silver dollars in MS 63 or better may be worth tens of thousand of dollars more than the same dated silver dollars in MS 60 grade. Upon information and belief, such is the case here.

It is extremely difficult to determine exactly how many coins are graded in choice by Christies due to the way the coins are grouped together in lots that range from circulated to choice uncirculated in the same lot. For example, Christie's lot #28 groups 1884-0 (20), 1900 (18) mint state to choice mint state with no breakdown of the quantity of each in mint state or choice mint state. Consequently, the only number of coins for 1884-0, 1886 and 1924 are those that are specifically graded as choice uncirculated. However, all other issues listed in the breakdown listing above do not have any ambiguity. There are no lots contained in the proposed Christie's sale of the other 30 issues listed above that contain any reference to any of the lots containing choice or choice uncirculated coins that were not identifiable. The 1884-0, 1886 and 1924 issues are a conspicuous aberration to the Ramapo grading.

In conclusion many of the coins in the Christies June 3, 1996 sale were not the same coins that were inventoried and graded by Ramapo and some of the coins having the same date and mint mark, with a lower quality, are either not the same coins that were in the Ramapo inventory, or these coins have been significantly mishandled or both. (1.) The objective total number of differences of the years and mint marks is overwhelming proof

for a reasonable man to conclude that the coins offered by Christies for sale are not the same coins certified by Ramapo. In addition the subjective differences in the quality of the coins inventoried and appraised by Ramapo (2.) versus the Christies sale, when examined by a knowledgeable and prudent numismatist, is also overwhelming evidence that the silver dollars have been mishandled or switched.

- (1.) NOTE: Prior to Christies obtaining these 8,600 or so silver dollars for auction, the state of preservation or grading of them had decreased according to the Moffatt Affidavit listed below. However, once Christies obtained the silver dollars, the grading of them decreased still further as evidenced by the 1000 or more silver dollars that Ramapo graded as MS 63 or better that Christies graded as a lower grade. The significance of this grade difference can be translated into hundreds of thousands of dollars taking into consideration the information from the Moffatt Affidavit that over 80 percent of the coins should have been MS 63 or better according to the random sample taken in 1990.
- (2.) In May 1990 the court appointed examiner had a random sample of 202 silver dollars from the in-house inventory taken. This random sample was taken form the same grouping of 8600 silver dollars that was allegedly placed in the June 3, 1996 auction. On February 28, 1994, Mr. Moffatt, a professional appraiser that has testified for both the Government in other cases as well as the Appellant at his criminal trial stated the following in his affidavit:
 - "7. On February 25, 1994, I reviewed an appraisal of the "in-house" random sample of 202 silver dollars that were graded by an independent numismatist in 1990. In this sample, he graded 164 of the 202 silver dollars as Mint State 63 or better. This is 81% of the total."
 - "9. It is my belief that if the silver dollars in my appraisal of February 18, 1994, excluding the coins in C945, are the same coins that were sampled in 1990 and referred to in #7 above, then something has happened to these silver dollars in the interim."

NOTE:

According to the Moffatt Affidavit in 1990, almost 7,000 of the 8,600 should have graded MS 63 or better. By the time the silver dollars were auctioned in 1996, only a small fraction of them were MS 63.

Subsequent to the 202 silver dollars being appraised by a second independent appraiser hired by the examiner in May 1990, coins started to disappear even from this 202 coin lot and some of the years and mint marks changed also.